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AI driving payroll management systems: A multi-case study analysis

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Abstract

This research explores how Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies are transforming payroll management systems through a structured multi-case study analysis. Rather than merely summarizing prior studies, it synthesizes insights from ten carefully selected case studies to evaluate the benefits, challenges, and strategic implications of AI-driven payroll systems. The results reveal that AI significantly enhances automation, accuracy, and compliance, while also improving data security through advanced tools such as machine learning, robotic process automation (RPA), and blockchain integration. Nevertheless, challenges including high costs, regulatory complexity, and ethical concerns remain substantial. By presenting a comparative framework that merges academic and practical perspectives, this study contributes to both scholarly discourse and industry application, offering concrete strategies for organizations seeking to implement AI responsibly and effectively in payroll management.

Keywords: Artificial Intelligence; Payroll Management; Automation; Workforce Compensation; Data Security

1. Introduction

1.1. Background of the Study

Artificial Intelligence (AI) continues to redefine business operations across industries. Within payroll management, its adoption has led to transformative improvements in accuracy, speed, and transparency. Traditional payroll systems are often characterized by manual processes that are error-prone and time-consuming, creating inefficiencies that affect both employees and organizational performance. Through innovations such as robotic process automation (RPA), predictive analytics, and natural language processing, AI offers organizations an opportunity to modernize payroll management while simultaneously improving compliance and decision-making.

1.2. Problem Statement

Despite the growing number of studies on AI applications in payroll and human resource systems, limited attention has been given to comparative multi-case analyses that integrate insights from multiple empirical studies. Existing literature often isolates themes like automation or compliance, which restricts the development of a holistic understanding of AI's overall impact. This study bridges that gap by synthesizing ten case studies to examine AI's transformative potential, revealing not only its benefits but also the associated technical, ethical, and regulatory challenges.

1.3. Objectives of the Study

The objectives of this research are to:

- Examine how AI technologies are being applied to payroll management systems in practice.

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- Evaluate the quantitative and qualitative benefits of AI integration, including automation, error reduction, and compliance.
- Identify the challenges—such as cost, data security, and ethical bias—that hinder full adoption.
- Provide strategic recommendations for organizations considering AI-enabled payroll solutions.

1.4. Research Question

How has Artificial Intelligence transformed payroll management in terms of efficiency, accuracy, security, and ethical governance?

2. Literature review

2.1. Literature Review as Case Studies

This chapter redefines the traditional literature review by treating the selected research works as case studies. Instead of simply summarizing previous studies, this chapter uses them to illustrate how AI is transforming payroll management. The case study approach enables us to explore diverse perspectives and empirical findings in a structured manner, providing the basis for an integrated framework that connects technological benefits, challenges, and practical implications. The discussion is organized into thematic sections that capture the main dimensions of AI integration: automation and efficiency, error reduction and compliance, data security and fraud detection, and ethical considerations.

2.2. Rationale for a Case Study Approach

Adopting a case study approach offers several advantages:

- **Depth of Analysis:** It allows for a detailed examination of each study's context, methodology, and findings.
- **Comparative Insight:** Cross-case comparisons reveal recurring themes, variations in results, and areas of divergence, thereby enriching our understanding.
- **Practical Relevance:** Viewing each study as a case helps translate academic insights into actionable strategies for real-world payroll management challenges.
- **Framework Development:** The synresearch of these case studies informs the development of a conceptual framework that integrates technical, regulatory, and ethical dimensions.

2.3. Overview of Selected Literature

A systematic search yielded 20 key papers, which were then grouped into thematic clusters. The following sections summarize the findings of these case studies along four principal themes.

2.3.1. Automation and Efficiency

Key Findings:

Case Study Insights:

- Kumar et al. (2020) and others report that the introduction of Robotic Process Automation (RPA) and machine learning in payroll systems can reduce manual processing time by as much as 70%.
- Several studies highlight how automation eliminates repetitive tasks such as data entry, thereby reducing human error and freeing up staff for strategic activities.

Discussion:

- The quantitative measures from these studies (e.g., percentage reductions in processing time) underscore AI's potential to significantly enhance operational efficiency.
- Qualitative insights reveal that automation not only accelerates payroll cycles but also improves data consistency and reliability.

2.3.2. Error Reduction and Compliance

Key Findings:

Case Study Insights:

- Jha & Kumar (2020) document that AI systems can detect discrepancies in payroll data, achieving error reductions between 60% and 80%.
- Studies in this group also discuss the dynamic nature of regulatory compliance. AI's ability to update payroll systems in real time—as regulations change—is highlighted as a major benefit, especially for multinational operations.

Discussion:

- The quantitative evidence (error reduction percentages) combined with qualitative insights (narrative explanations of regulatory challenges) illustrates how AI not only mitigates mistakes but also streamlines compliance processes.
- Some studies emphasize the need for continuous system updates to handle complex, multi-jurisdiction regulatory environments.

2.3.3. Data Security, Privacy, and Fraud Detection

Key Findings:

Case Study Insights:

- Research by MDPI (2020) and Zare et al. (2021) illustrates that integrating blockchain with AI can create tamper-proof records and enhance data security.
- Multiple case studies report that AI-driven fraud detection systems achieve high accuracy (often above 90–95%) in identifying anomalous payroll transactions.

Discussion:

- These studies highlight the dual role of AI in safeguarding data integrity and preventing fraud.
- The integration of advanced encryption techniques and blockchain not only meets regulatory requirements (such as GDPR and HIPAA) but also boosts stakeholder confidence in the security of payroll systems.

2.3.4. Ethical Considerations and Bias

Key Findings:

Case Study Insights:

- Kaur et al. (2021) and similar research note that AI systems can inadvertently reinforce existing biases in payroll data if historical prejudices are not addressed.
- A common recommendation across these studies is the implementation of regular audits, transparency measures, and fairness tools to ensure that AI decisions are equitable.

Discussion:

- The qualitative evidence from these case studies emphasizes that without proper ethical oversight, AI-driven systems may perpetuate discrimination.
- These insights have significant implications for both system design and regulatory oversight, suggesting that ethical considerations must be integrated from the outset of AI deployment.

2.4. Comparative Analysis Across Case Studies

In synthesizing the case studies, several common themes and differences emerge:

- Consistency in Efficiency Gains:
 - Nearly all case studies on automation report marked improvements in processing speed and reduction in manual tasks. The consistency of these findings across different organizational contexts reinforces the value of AI in streamlining payroll operations.
- Variability in Compliance and Error Reduction:

- While most studies report significant improvements in error reduction, the degree of success varies depending on factors such as regulatory complexity and the maturity of the AI system. This variability suggests that context-specific factors play a critical role in determining outcomes.
- Security and Ethical Challenges:
 - A convergence is observed on the need for advanced security measures and ethical oversight. Although blockchain integration and AI-driven fraud detection are widely endorsed, concerns about cost, technical complexity, and bias mitigation persist across studies.
- Conceptual Framework:
 - Based on these comparisons, a conceptual framework emerges that links AI functionalities (automation, error reduction, security) with organizational outcomes (efficiency, compliance, fairness). This framework serves as the basis for the recommendations and further analysis in subsequent chapters.

2.5. Theoretical and Practical Implications

Theoretical Implications:

- This case study-based literature review contributes to the academic discourse by integrating diverse research findings into a unified model of AI application in payroll management.
- It advances our understanding of the interplay between technology, regulation, and ethics in the digital transformation of HR processes.

Practical Implications:

- For practitioners, the insights from these case studies offer evidence-based strategies to harness AI's benefits while mitigating its challenges.
- The synresearch of empirical data provides a roadmap for organizations to implement AI in a way that enhances operational efficiency, improves accuracy, and ensures regulatory compliance—all while addressing critical ethical concerns.

3. Methodology

This research employs a multi-case study methodology designed to capture both the depth and diversity of AI applications in payroll systems. Each of the ten selected papers was treated as an individual case study, allowing for a structured yet comparative examination of how different organizations and researchers have implemented AI technologies. The method draws inspiration from systematic review principles while emphasizing synthesis, comparison, and contextual interpretation rather than mere summary. This approach ensures that the analysis captures empirical nuances and practical relevance while maintaining academic rigor.

Research Design

This research adopts a multi-case study approach. Rather than treating previous studies as a mere literature review, each selected paper is treated as an individual case study. This design is well suited for exploring complex phenomena such as the integration of AI into payroll systems because it allows for:

- In-depth exploration: Each case study provides detailed insights into specific aspects of AI application (e.g., automation, error reduction, security, or ethical challenges).
- Comparative analysis: Cross-case comparison facilitates the identification of recurring themes and notable discrepancies among implementations.
- Triangulation: Combining qualitative and quantitative findings from diverse sources strengthens the reliability of the conclusions.

The case study method is particularly appropriate in this context, as it permits the synresearch of empirical evidence across different contexts while providing a comprehensive view of the current state of AI-driven payroll systems.

3.1. Data Collection and Selection Process

Data were collected from credible academic and professional sources including SpringerLink, ScienceDirect, Emerald Insight, and ResearchGate. The search focused on studies published between 2018 and 2024 using keywords such as 'AI in payroll,' 'machine learning in HR,' 'robotic process automation payroll,' and 'blockchain payroll security.' From an

initial pool of 45 papers, duplicate and irrelevant entries were removed based on the inclusion and exclusion criteria. After the screening process, 20 papers remained, of which 10 met the standards of methodological rigor, empirical depth, and thematic relevance to the study's objectives. The selection ensured balanced coverage across different regions, organizational contexts, and technological implementations.

3.2. Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria

Included papers were peer-reviewed and focused explicitly on payroll or HR systems incorporating AI or automation technologies. Studies were required to include either empirical data, detailed case descriptions, or conceptual frameworks linking AI with payroll outcomes. Excluded materials comprised non-academic articles, studies lacking methodological transparency, or those dealing exclusively with general HR technology without reference to payroll processes. This filtering approach strengthened the analytical validity and ensured that only high-quality, relevant cases were analyzed.

3.3. Thematic Categorization and Coding

Each of the ten selected studies was coded thematically across multiple overlapping categories: (1) automation and efficiency, (2) error reduction and compliance, (3) data security and fraud detection, and (4) ethical and regulatory considerations. Because several studies explored more than one dimension, the same paper could contribute to multiple thematic clusters. This overlapping categorization enabled a multidimensional understanding of AI's influence, revealing interdependencies between technical, ethical, and operational aspects of payroll automation.

3.4. Data Analysis and Integration

A mixed-method synthesis was applied to integrate quantitative and qualitative data. Within-case analysis examined each study individually to extract context-specific findings such as implementation outcomes, quantitative performance measures, and user responses. Cross-case analysis compared these findings to identify recurring patterns and discrepancies. For example, studies reporting high automation efficiency were examined alongside those highlighting ethical or regulatory issues to determine correlations and trade-offs. This analytical structure facilitated both empirical generalization and theoretical insight.

3.5. Trustworthiness and Validity

To maintain objectivity, triangulation was applied through cross-referencing results from different sources and methodologies. The coding and interpretation processes were independently reviewed by a secondary researcher to minimize bias. Transparency was ensured through detailed documentation of search procedures and analytical logic, allowing replication. Despite relying on secondary data, the research adhered to ethical norms such as accurate attribution, data integrity, and confidentiality.

4. Results and discussions

The findings are derived from a comparative analysis of ten selected studies, which collectively provide insight into the transformative potential of AI in payroll management. Four dominant themes emerged from the cross-case synthesis—automation and efficiency, error reduction and compliance, data security and fraud detection, and ethical considerations. Together, they portray both the opportunities and the complexities of integrating AI into payroll processes.

4.1. Benefits of AI Adoption

Across multiple cases, AI was consistently shown to improve efficiency and accuracy in payroll management. Studies such as Kumar et al. (2020) demonstrated that robotic process automation (RPA) reduced manual processing time by up to 70%, allowing organizations to redirect human resources to strategic functions. Similarly, Jha and Kumar (2020) found that AI algorithms detected payroll discrepancies with a 60–80% error reduction rate, ensuring greater compliance and employee satisfaction. In several cases, blockchain integration improved transparency and traceability, offering up to 95% accuracy in fraud detection. These findings underscore AI's ability to not only automate repetitive tasks but also to create smarter, adaptive systems that enhance organizational trust and operational excellence.

4.2. Challenges and Limitations

Despite its promise, AI implementation in payroll systems is constrained by high costs, technical complexity, and ethical risks. Several studies revealed that the initial investment in AI infrastructure—particularly for small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs)—is prohibitively expensive. Maintenance, system upgrades, and compliance with jurisdictional data

regulations further add to ongoing costs. Ethical challenges are equally significant: bias in training data can perpetuate inequalities, and opaque algorithms may reduce accountability. Employee resistance due to fear of job loss or lack of technical proficiency also emerged as a recurring theme. These human and organizational factors highlight that successful AI adoption requires not only technological readiness but also cultural and managerial adaptation.

4.3. Strategic Implications and Recommendations

Based on the synthesis, several actionable recommendations emerge:

- Adopt a phased AI implementation model, beginning with pilot projects to minimize disruption and measure tangible benefits.
- Integrate blockchain with AI to enhance data transparency and mitigate fraud.
- Establish continuous compliance monitoring systems that adapt to evolving legal frameworks.
- Implement ethical auditing mechanisms to detect and mitigate bias in payroll algorithms.
- Invest in upskilling programs and change management initiatives to build digital competence among payroll professionals.

Collectively, these strategies emphasize that the successful use of AI in payroll systems depends on a balance between technological innovation and responsible governance. The transition from traditional payroll processes to intelligent, AI-supported ecosystems should be gradual, transparent, and guided by both ethical and strategic principles.

5. Conclusion

This final chapter synthesizes the insights gained from the multi-case study analysis of AI in payroll management. It reiterates the core findings, discusses the practical and theoretical contributions of the research, and outlines avenues for future investigation. The chapter is organized into four main sections: summary of findings, contributions and implications, limitations and future research, and final concluding remarks.

Summary of Findings

The multi-case study approach employed in this research has revealed several critical insights regarding the transformative potential of Artificial Intelligence in payroll management:

- **Enhanced Automation and Efficiency:** Across the analyzed case studies, AI—particularly through the use of Robotic Process Automation (RPA) and machine learning—has demonstrated a capacity to reduce manual intervention by up to 70%. This automation not only accelerates payroll processing but also enables organizations to reallocate human resources toward more strategic tasks.
- **Significant Error Reduction and Improved Compliance:** The case studies consistently reported reductions in error rates by 60%–80%, with AI systems accurately detecting discrepancies in payroll data and ensuring that processes comply with ever-changing regulatory standards. This dual benefit of error reduction and compliance enhancement has been identified as a key driver of AI adoption in payroll management.
- **Strengthened Data Security and Fraud Detection:** Integration of blockchain technology with AI has emerged as a robust strategy for safeguarding payroll data. The literature indicates that such integrations can offer tamper-proof records and high accuracy in detecting fraudulent activities, thereby mitigating risks associated with data breaches.
- **Ethical Considerations and the Need for Bias Mitigation:** Although AI systems offer substantial benefits, the analysis also underscores the risks of perpetuating historical biases present in payroll data. Regular auditing, transparent algorithm design, and the establishment of ethics oversight are essential to ensure fairness and maintain stakeholder trust.
- **Challenges in Cost, Regulatory Complexity, and Change Management:** The study highlights that the high initial investment and ongoing maintenance costs, combined with the complexities of navigating diverse regulatory landscapes and managing organizational change, remain significant hurdles to the full-scale adoption of AI in payroll management.

Contributions and Implications

Theoretical Contributions:

- **Integrated Framework:** This research contributes to the academic literature by presenting an integrated framework that combines technical, regulatory, ethical, and organizational perspectives on AI implementation

in payroll systems. By treating the existing literature as case studies, the research provides a nuanced understanding of both the benefits and challenges of AI.

- **Methodological Innovation:** The multi-case study approach employed in this research demonstrates a novel way to synthesize disparate studies into a cohesive analysis, offering a replicable methodology for future research on technology integration in organizational processes.

Practical Implications:

- **Roadmap for AI Adoption:** The strategic recommendations outlined in this paper provide organizations with a practical roadmap for the phased implementation of AI in payroll management. These guidelines address critical aspects such as risk management, regulatory compliance, ethical oversight, and change management.
- **Enhanced Decision-Making:** By emphasizing the importance of continuous monitoring, performance evaluation, and stakeholder feedback, the findings offer organizations a mechanism for adaptive decision-making that can accommodate both technological advancements and shifting regulatory demands.
- **Policy and Regulatory Insights:** The research highlights the need for closer collaboration between technology providers, organizational leaders, and regulatory bodies. Policymakers can use these insights to develop frameworks that ensure both innovation and protection of employee rights in the evolving digital landscape.

Final Reflections

The research presented in this paper underscores that AI-driven payroll management systems offer transformative benefits, ranging from improved operational efficiency and error reduction to enhanced security and regulatory compliance. However, realizing these benefits requires organizations to navigate a complex landscape of technological, ethical, and regulatory challenges. By providing a comprehensive analysis that leverages case studies as a basis for both theoretical and practical insights, this research contributes to the ongoing dialogue about digital transformation in organizational processes. It also offers a strategic framework that can guide future investments and policy decisions, ensuring that the integration of AI in payroll management is both sustainable and equitable.

In closing, the study reaffirms that while technology can drive significant improvements in payroll processes, the human, ethical, and regulatory dimensions must remain central to the conversation. The successful implementation of AI in payroll management is not just about technological innovation—it is about creating systems that are efficient, fair, secure, and adaptable to the evolving needs of organizations and society at large.

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